## BOXING / MMA

Like baseball and hockey, the money line is used to display the odds of winning in boxing and MMA.

The minus (-) on the wagering sheets and display boards indicates the favorite. The plus (+) indicates the underdog.

## EXAMPLE:

| TIME | BET\# | FIGHTER | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 9:00 PM | 2001 | Manny Pacquiao | +130 |
|  | 2002 | Floyd Mayweather | -150 |

In this example, Floyd Mayweather is favored, and the player must lay $\$ 150$ to win $\$ 100$ or $\$ 15$ to win $\$ 10$. The player would wager $\$ 100$ to win $\$ 130$ or $\$ 10$ to win $\$ 13$ on Manny Pacquiao. In the event of a draw, wagers on who will win the fight are refunded.

## ROUNDS PROPOSITION

On some fights, players have the option of betting whether the fight will go a specified distance.

EXAMPLE:

| TIME | BET\# | ROUNDS | ODDS |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 9:00 PM | 2051 | Over 11.5 | +140 |
|  | 2052 | Under 11.5 | -160 |

In this example, the player would wager \$100 to win \$140 or $\$ 160$ to win $\$ 100$ that the duration of the fight will last 12 full rounds. In rounds propositions, it does not matter which fighter wins.

For major fights, a broad range of wagers and proposition may be offered, such as how a fighter will win (KO or decision), round propositions and odds on picking the round in which the fight will end.

